

SDS prepared by Steve Davis of Aardvark Clay & Supplies

GHS - United States

Section 1. Product and Company Identification

Product Name: CTG08 - Transparent

Synonym: Ceramic Glaze – dry

Supplier/ Aardvark Clay & Supplies **Manufacturer:** 1400 East Pomona St.

Santa Ana, Ca. 92705 USA 714-541-4157 phone 714-541-2021 fax <u>contact@aardvarkclay.com</u>

Emergency Phone Number: 911

Product Use: Pottery Manufacturing

Restrictions on use: Not applicable

Section 2. Hazards Identification

Section	Section 2. Hazards identification								
GHS/Ha 2012 La		GHS/Hazcom 2012 Classifications:							
	<u> </u>	Health:							
		CARCINOGENICITY (Inhalation) - Category 1A (quartz) (See Section 11 for carcinogen listings)							
	3/	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (Repeated Exposure) (respiratory tract) (inhalation) - Category 1 (quartz)							
		ACUTE TOXICITY (Oral) -	Category 4 (barium carbonate	2)					
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAI	N TOXICITY (Single Exposure)	(respirato	ry tra	ct) (inhalation) - Category 3 (quartz)			
		EYE IRRITANT - Category	ory 2A (quartz)						
		SKIN IRRITANT - Categ	ory 2 (quartz)						
Signal	Word:	Physical:			Env	vironmental:			
Dan	nger	Not Hazardous			No	t Hazardous			
Hazard	Stateme	nts:							
Health:									
H303	May be	harmful if swallowed.		H316	Caus	ses mild skin irritation.			
H335	May cau	ise respiratory irritation		H350	May	cause cancer.			
H372	Causes	damage to organs (lungs) t	hrough prolonged or repeated			alation).			
Environ	mental:			Physical:					
Not haz	ardous			Not hazardous					
Precaut	tion State	ments:							
Prevent	tion								
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/		P202	Do n	ot handle until all safety precautions hav	re been			
		eye protection/ face protection.				and understood.			
P260		not breathe dust/spray.		P270		ot eat, drink, or smoke when using this p	roduct.		
P264		sh hands thoroughly after handling.		P273					
P201									
Respon				ı					
P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.		P391 Collect Spillage.						
P333+	If skin ir	ritation or a rash occurs: G	iet medical advice/attention.	P304+P3	40	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air	•		
P313	15 151 51			2004		keep comfortable for breathing.			
P305+		ES: Rinse cautiously with w		P301+ F		IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. DO NOT	induce vomiting.		
P351+ P338	Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – P331								
P338 P308+									
P308+	· ·				P301+ P312+ IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or				
P337+				P330 doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. P333+ If skin irritation or a rash occurs:			se mouth.		
P313	, , , , ,			P313 Get medical advice/attention.					
Precaution Statements:									
Storage Storage									
P402		a dry place.		P405	P405 Store locked up.				
P403	, ,			P233					
Disposa		z ii z ii veiitiiatea piaeei		P404		e in a closed container.			
P501		of contents/container in a	ccordance with local/regional						
		erwise classified:	Slippery when wet.			nts with unknown acute toxicity:	None known.		
				,	,				



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Section 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Substance/Mixture:

Mixture – A trade secret claim is made for this glaze.

Chemical		CAS Number	Ingredients	Chemical % of Mixture
Quartz, (Crystalline Silica)	SiO2	CAS # 14808-60-7	Feldspar, Silica, Whiting, Kaolin, Pyrophyllite	, <25
Kaolinite	Al203.2Si02.2H20	CAS # 1332-58-7	Kaolin, Pyrophyllite	<5
Sodium-Calcium Pentaborate	Octahydrate	CAS # 1319-33-1	Ulexite from Gerstley Borate	<5
NaC	D.2CaO.5B2O3.5H2O			
Di-Calcium Hexaborate Pental	hydrate	CAS # 12291-65-5	Colemanite from Gerstley Borate	<10
	Ca2B6O11.5H2O			
Calcium Carbonate CaCO3		CAS # 1317-65-3	Limestone (Whiting)	<15
Barium Carbonate BaCo3		CAS # 513-77-9	Barium Carbonate	<10

Section 4. First-Aid Measures

Description of first-aid Measures:					
First-aid measures general	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical attention.				
First-aid measures after inhalation	Move victim to well ventilated area. If mechanical discomfort persists, seek medical attention.				
First-aid measures after skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash affected area with soap and warm water.				
	Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.				
First-aid measures after eye contact	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and				
	easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking, or redness persists.				
First-aid measures after ingestion	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Small amount unlikely to be toxic by ingestion. If large amount				
	ingested or if discomfort persist, drink two glasses of water and seek medical attention.				
Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Bot	th Acute and Delayed:				
Symptoms/injuries	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation).				
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	May cause cancer by inhalation. Dust from this product may cause irritation to the respiratory tract.				
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	Prolonged contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.				
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	Prolonged contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.				
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	If a large quantity has been ingested, intestinal blockage and/or gastro-intestinal irritation may result.				
Chronic symptoms	Repeated or prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline silica dust may cause lung damage in the form				
	of silicosis. Symptoms will include progressively more difficult breathing, cough, fever, and weight loss.				
	Acute silicosis can be fatal.				

Section 5. Fire-Fighting Measures



National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Mational Fire Frotestion Association (Olor	(11)
Suitable extinguishing media	This product is not combustible. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	No restrictions on extinguishing media for this mixture.
Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	This mixture is not flammable and does not support fire
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	This mixture does not contain hazardous decomposition products.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Product can become slippery when wet.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Use of personal precautions	Avoid inhalation of dust. Wear a N-95 face mask when cleaning up dust.		
Emergency procedures	There are no emergency procedures required for this mixture.		
Methods and Materials for containment	There are no special spill measures that apply for this mixture.		
Clean up procedures	For dusts, use a vacuum to clean up spillage. If appropriate, use gentle water spray		
	to wet down and minimize dust generation. Place waste in a sealed container.		

C 1: -	⁷ Handling	0 0
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Precautions for safe handling	Keep bags out of direct sunlight. Do not expose dry glaze to moisture until use. Do not		
	expose liquid glaze to freezing. Use proper lifting techniques to avoid physical injury.		
Recommendations on the conditions for safe storage	No special storage considerations, but keep in a dry, cool location.		



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Section 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection						
Chemical	CAS Number	Occupational Exposure Limits				
Quartz, (Crystalline Silica)	CAS#14808-60-7	ACGIH TLV: TWA 0.025 mg/ m³ (respirable)				
SiO2		OSHA PEL: TWA 10 mg/m³/ divided by the value "%SiO2" + 2 (respirable)				
		OSHA PEL: TWA 30 mg/m³/ divided by the value "%SiO2" + 2 (total dust)				
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA .05 mg/ m³ (respirable)				
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA .3 mg/ m³ (total)				
Kaolinite	CAS#1332-58-7	ACGIH TLV: TWA 2 mg/ m ³ (respirable) / particulate matter containing no				
Al2O3.2SiO2.2H2O		asbestos and <1% crystalline silica (respirable)				
		OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ (respirable)				
		OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total)				
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 2 mg/ m ³ (respirable)				
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA not established (total)				
Sodium-Calcium Pentaborate	CAS # 1319-33-1	ACGIH TLV: TWA 2 mg/ m ³				
Octahydrate		OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ (respirable)				
NaO.2CaO.5B2O3.5H2O		OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m³ (total)				
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/ m ³				
Di-Calcium Hexaborate	CAS # 12291-65-5	O/				
Pentahydrate		OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ (respirable)				
Ca2B6O11.5H2O		OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m³ (total)				
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/ m ³				
Calcium Carbonate	CAS# 1317-65-3	ACGIH TLV: Not Established				
CaCO3		OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m³ (respirable)				
		OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total)				
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/ m³ (respirable)				
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 10 mg/ m³ (total)				
Barium Carbonate	CAS# 513-77-9	ACGIH TLV: TWA 3 mg/ m ³ (respirable) (as Ba)				
BaCO3		OSHA PEL: TWA 0.5 mg/ m ³ (total dust) (as Ba)				

Appropriate engineering controls: When mixing dry glazes, use local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as required to maintain exposures below applicable occupational exposure limits (TLV).

Recommendations for personal protective measures

Local Exhaust: When mixing glazes, use sufficient local exhaust to reduce the level of respirable dust to the applicable standards set forth in Section III - ACGIH "Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practice," latest edition.

Respiratory Protection: Dust is generated when working with dry glaze. To minimize exposure to dust and/or crystalline silica(quartz), the mixing of dry glaze materials should be conducted with sufficient ventilation. Respirable dust and quartz levels should be monitored regularly. Dust and quartz levels in excess of appropriate exposure limits should be reduced by feasible engineering controls, including (but not limited to) wet suppression, ventilation, and process enclosure. When such controls are not feasible, NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators must be worn in accordance with a respiratory protection program which meets OSHA requirements as set forth at 29 CFR1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2-1080 - "Practices for Respiratory Protection".

In most cases, a disposable N-95 Particulate Respirator is sufficient.

Eye Protection: Use NIOSH/OSHA approved safety glasses with side shields. Face shields can also be used when mixing dry glaze. Wear tight fitting dust goggles when excessively (visible) dusty conditions are present or are anticipated. NIOSH recommends that contact lenses not be worn when working with crystalline silica dust. **Skin Protection:** Use gloves and/or protective clothing if abrasion or allergic reactions are experienced.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Avoid creating and breathing dust. Wear NIOSH/MSHA approved dust mask when working in dust conditions - (N-95).

Food, beverages, and smoking materials should NOT be in the work area. Persons using ceramic materials should wash thoroughly before eating, drinking, smoking, or applying cosmetics.

Protective Clothing Pictograms



N-95 face mask



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Section 9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Physical State	Powder
Appearance	Tinted Powder
Odor	None
Odor Threshold	Not Applicable
pH	6-8
Solubility in Water	None
Melting Point	> 1300 °C (>2380°F)
Freezing Point	< 0 °C (<32°F)
Specific Gravity / Relative Density	2.35 g/cc
Evaporation Rate	No data available
Flash Point	Not Applicable
Auto-Ignition Temperature	Not Applicable
Decomposition Temperature	Not Applicable
Flammability	Not Applicable
Vapor Pressure	Not Applicable
Vapor Density	Not Applicable
Explosive Limits	Not Applicable
Viscosity	Not Applicable
Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not Applicable
Initial Boiling Point & Boiling Range	Not Applicable

Section 10. Stability & Reactivity

Reactivity	Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.
Chemical stability	Stable at standard temperature and pressure. No stabilizers required to maintain chemical stability.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	None known
Incompatible materials	None known
Hazardous decomposition products	None known

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Routes of Exposure Inhalation of dust, Ingestic			on				
Descriptions of the delayed, immediate, or chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure							
Inhalation	Inhalation of high concentrations of glaze dust may cause mechanical irritation and discomfort.			mfort.			
	Long term exposure may o	ause chi	onic effects.				
Eye Contact	Not a primary eye irritant.	May cau	ise mechanical irri	tation.			
Skin Contact/Irritation	Not a primary skin irritant.	. Not abs	orbed through ski	n. May caus	e dry skin.		
Sensitization	Not a strong sensitizer.						
Ingestion	Risk of effect on the liver,	the card	iovascular system,	the hemato	logical system and the ac	drenals from	
	Barium Carbonate.						
Chronic Effects							
OSHA Carcinogen	Lung cancer – Crystaline si	lica has	been classified by	OSHA as a h	uman lung carcinogen.		
Mutagenic Effects	None Known						
Teratogenic Effects	None Known						
Developmental Toxicity	None Known						
Effects of Silicosis			Symptoms of Silicosis				
Bronchitis/Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disorder.			Shortness of bre	ath; possible	fever.		
Tuberculosis – Silicosis makes an individual r	nore susceptible to TB.		Fatigue; loss of a	ppetite.			
Scleroderma – a disease affecting skin, blood	I vessels, joints and skeletal n	nuscles.	Chest pain; dry, i	•	· ·		
Possible renal disease.			Respiratory failure, which may eventually lead to death.				
Remarks							
Carcinogenicity	Repeated or long term exp				, ,	-	
·			I include progressively more difficult breathing, cough, fever, and weight loss.				
Acute silicosis can be fatal. Short term exposure is of little concern.							
Numerical Measures of toxicity None Known							
	OSHA, IARC, and NTP (Carcinog					
Chemical with Carcinogen Potential			CAS#	OSHA	IARC	NTP	
Quartz, (Crystalline Silica)	SiO2		S # 14808-60-7	Yes	Yes - Group 1	Yes	



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Section 12. Ecological Information (non-mandatory)

Ecotoxicity	None Known
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD5)	None Known
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	None Known
Products of Biodegradation	None Known
Toxicity of the products of Biodegradation	None Known
Bioaccumulation Potential	None Known
Potential to move from soil to groundwater	None Known
Other adverse effects	None Known

13. Disposal Considerations

Personal Protection	Refer to Section 8: "Recommendations for Personal Protective Measures" when disposing of glaze waste.			
Appropriate disposal containers	Standard waste disposal containers – no specials requirements.			
Appropriate disposal methods	Disposal of this product should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. In most cases, this is normal waste disposal. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized. Dispose of non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste packaging should be recycled. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains, and sewers.			
Physical and chemical properties	Glaze waste should be placed in a sealed container or in a manner that reduces or eliminates the release of the			
that may affect disposal	product. Packaging should be recycled before disposal.			
Sewage disposal	Do not dispose of into sinks or toilets. They will clog. Never dispose of this product into a sewer system.			
Special precautions for landfills	dfills There are no special precautions for disposal in a landfill.			
or incineration activities	This product is non-combustible and is not suitable for incineration.			

Section 14. Transportation Information

Regulatory Information	UN Number	UN Proper Shipping Name	Transport Hazard Class	Packing Group Number	Bulk Transport Guidance	Special Precautions
DOT Classification	Not regulated	-	-	-	-	-
TDG Classification	Not regulated	-	-	-	-	-
ADR/RID Class	Not regulated	-	-	-	-	-
IMDG Class	Not regulated	-	-	-	-	-
IATA-DGR Class	Not regulated	-	-	-	-	-

Section 15. Regulatory Information

TSCA – Toxic Substances Control Act - EPA	Quartz and other chemicals are listed in the TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory			
California Prop. 65	WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including quartz which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.			
SARA/Title III	This mixture contains no substances at or above the reporting threshold under			
(Emergency Planning & Community Right-to-Know Act)	Section 313, based on available data.			

Section 16. Other Information

Definitions

OSHA means Occupational Safety & Health Administration

IARC means International Agency for Research on Cancer

NTP means National Toxicology Program

CAS means Chemical Abstract Service

ACGIH means American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAL-OSHA means California OSHA, most CAL-OSHA standards defer to the federal OSHA standards

OSHA means Occupational Safety & Health Administration

OSHA PEL means OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit

TWA means Time Weighted Average (average exposure on the basis of an 8h/day, 40h/week work schedule)

TLV means Threshold Limit Value - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)

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